

Salinity Management- A Regulatory Perspective

Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board

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Regulatory Focus on Salinity

- Protection of long term local water supply
 - 50% of region's supply from imported water
 - Reduced availability of current sources
 - Greater reliance on local supplies in near future
- Promote sustainable water supply
 - Increased recycled water use, stormwater use, and water conservation
- Salinity impacts utility of available water resources

Regulatory focus on Salinity (cont'd)

- Protection of Beneficial Uses
 - Agriculture (AGR)
 - Reduced crop yield
 - Limited crop selection
 - Municipal and Domestic Use (MUN)
 - Increased treatment costs
 - Shut down of drinking wells
 - Aquatic Life (AQUA)
 - Reduction in species richness and abundance
 - Toxicity
 - Physiological stress
 - Industrial Process Water (IND/PROC)
 - Increased pretreatment costs

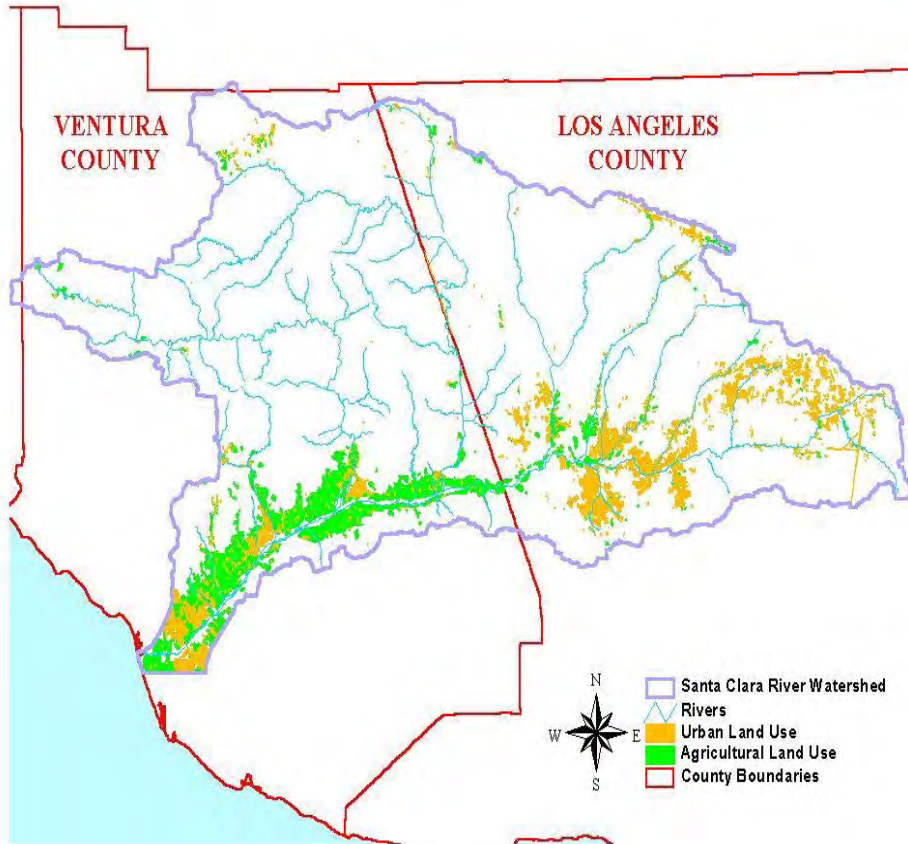
Regulating Salinity in LA Region

- Water Quality Objectives
 - TDS, sulfate, boron, chloride
- Recycled Water Permit Conditions
 - Salinity monitoring
 - Anti-degradation Analysis
- Total Maximum Daily Loads
 - Santa Clara River
 - Calleguas Creek

History of Salt Regulation

- 1975: Basin Plan Chloride Objectives
 - 50-150 mg/L
- 1990: Drought Policy
 - Interim chloride discharge limits
 - Based on imported water increase
- 1993 & 1995: Extension of Drought Policy
- 1997: Chloride Policy
 - Raised chloride limits in other watersheds
 - Extended interim limits in Santa Clara and Calleguas Watersheds
 - Extensive agriculture
 - Salt sensitive crop issues
- 1998: Santa Clara River and Calleguas Creek on 303(d) list

Salinity in Upper Santa Clara River



- Exceedance of chloride objective
- Impairment of AGR and GWR Beneficial uses
 - Reduced crop yield
 - Increased groundwater chloride levels
- Sources
 - WWTPs (70% of load)
- 2004 Interim WLA
 - Takes imported water into account (230 mg/L)

Salinity in Upper Santa Clara River



- 2004 TMDL Implementation
 - Determination of requirements for salt sensitive crops and endangered species
 - Evaluate effects on ground water
- 2008 TMDL Implementation
 - Based on 2004 studies
 - Allowed for alternative approach

Calleguas Creek Salt TMDL



- Developed to address surface water chloride impairments
- Watershed group engineered solution
 - Remedied surface water impairment
 - Promoted groundwater quality restoration

The Recycled Water Policy



Achieving the Balance

- Salt and Nutrient Management Plan
 - Provides directives for comprehensive regional salinity management
 - Source Identification
 - Fate and Transport Analysis
 - Basin wide monitoring/assessment
 - Comprehensive control/reduction strategies
 - Promotes stormwater use and recharge to augment local water supplies

SNMP development in LA Region

